# MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTINGPUBLIC NOTICE PUBLIC NOTICE

Dated : 5 .01.2024

Ministry of Information and Broadcasting invites comments/suggestions on the Draft Press and Registration of Periodicals Rules, 2024 proposed to be notified to carry out the provisions of the Press and Registration of Periodicals Act, 2023 notified on 29.12.2023.

After passage by both the Houses of Parliament and subsequent assent of the President, the Press and Registration of Periodicals (PRP) Act, 2023 has been notified on 29th December, 2023 copy of which is placed at **Annexure A**. The salient features of the Act are at **Annexure B**. The Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867 shall stand repealed from the date this PRP Act, 2023 comes into effect.

- 2. In order to carry out the provisions of the Press and Registration of Periodicals Act, 2023 the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting proposes to notify the Press and Registration of Periodicals Rules, 2024 as per Draft placed **Annexure C**.
- 3. Suggestions/ feedback are invited from the stakeholders and members of general public on the Draft Press and Registration of Periodicals Rules, 2024. Comments/suggestions may be sent to the Ministry through email to the undersigned at the below mentioned email ID. The last date for submission of comments/suggestions is **4**<sup>th</sup> of February, 2024

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असाधारण

EXTRAORDINARY

भाग II - खण्ड 1

PART II - Section 1

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

सं॰ 591

नई दिल्ली, शुक्रवार, दिसम्बर 29, 2023/पौष 8, 1945 (शक)

No. 59]

NEW DELHI, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 29, 2023/PAUSHA 8, 1945 (SAKA)

इस भाग में भिन्न पृष्ठ संख्या दी जाती है जिससे कि यह अलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके। Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

# MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE (Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 29th December, 2023/Pausha 8, 1945 (Saka)

The following Act of Parliament received the assent of the President on the 28th December, 2023 and is hereby published for general information:—

# THE PRESS AND REGISTRATION OF PERIODICALS ACT, 2023

No. 51 of 2023

[28th December, 2023.]

An Act to provide for press, registration of periodicals and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Seventy-fourth Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

#### CHAPTER I

## PRELIMINARY

- 1. (1) This Act may be called the Press and Registration of Periodicals Act, 2023.

(2) It extends to the whole of India.

Short title, extent and commencement

(3) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

Definitions.

- 2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—
- (a) "facsimile edition" of a publication means an exact reproduction of the original edition of a foreign publication in English or an Indian language included in the Eighth Schedule to the Constitution;
- (b) "journal" means a periodical publication, other than a magazine, which primarily carries academic, scientific or technical content related to a particular discipline or profession;
- (c) "keeper" means a person who manages the day-to-day operations of a printing press, the owner of which is a non-individual entity;
- (d) "newspaper" means a periodical of loose-folded sheets usually printed on newsprint and brought out daily or at least once in a week, containing information on current events, public news or comments on public news;
- (e) "notification" means a notification published in the Gazette of India or the Official Gazette of a State, as the case may be, and the expression "notify" with its grammatical variation and cognate expressions shall be construed accordingly;
  - (f) "owner" means an individual, firm or any such legal entity owning a periodical;
- (g) "periodical" means any publication, including a newspaper, which is published and printed at regular intervals containing public news or comments on public news, but does not include a book, or a journal including a book or journal of scientific, technical and academic nature;
  - (h) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;
- (i) "Press Registrar General" means the Press Registrar General of India, appointed by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 5;
  - (j) "printer" means the owner or keeper of a printing press;
- (k) "printing" means reproduction of a periodical through any technology involving mass production of copies, but does not include photocopying;
- (*l*) "publication" means newspapers, magazines, journals or newsletters printed periodically and published in India, and shall include its reproduction in electronic form or any syndication, facsimile edition, for public distribution or access;
- (m) "publish" means the process of making a work available to the public by issuing or causing to be issued the copies thereof or in any other manner, whether for a price or free of charge, and the word "publishing" shall be construed accordingly;
  - (n) "publisher" means a person responsible to publish any periodical;
- (o) "register" means the register of periodicals maintained under clause (b) of sub-section (3) of section 5;
- (p) "specified authority" means a District Magistrate or Collector or such other officer as the State Government or, as the case may be, Union territory Administration may, by notification, specify;
- (q) "title", in relation to a periodical, means the name of such periodical as may be verified by the Press Registrar General, printed prominently and legibly as the masthead on the front page of that periodical by which it shall be known or be identified.

#### **CHAPTER II**

#### PRINTING PRESS AND PERIODICAL

3. Every printer of a periodical shall furnish an intimation in the online portal to the Press Registrar General and the specified authority within whose local jurisdiction his printing press is situated with such particulars and in such manner, as may be prescribed.

Printer to furnish intimation.

**4.** (1) Every citizen of India or a person, being an entity incorporated and registered in India under any law for the time being in force, may bring out a periodical:

Publication of periodical.

Provided that no person who has been convicted by any court for an offence—

- (a) involving terrorist act or unlawful activity; or
- (b) for having done anything against the security of the State, shall bring out a periodical.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, the expressions "terrorist act" and "unlawful activity" shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in clauses (k) and (o) of sub-section (I) of section 2 of the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967.

(2) Every periodical printed in India shall have printed on it legibly the name of the printer, place of printing, name of editor, publisher and place of publication.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section, "editor" means a person who decides the matter that is to be published in a periodical.

(3) A facsimile edition of a foreign periodical may be printed in India only with the previous approval of the Central Government in accordance with the guidelines made in this regard, and the registration of such facsimile edition shall be made with the Press Registrar General in such manner as may be prescribed.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section, "foreign periodical" means any periodical printed and published in a country outside India.

#### CHAPTER III

#### AUTHORITIES

**5.**(1) The Central Government may, by order, appoint a Press Registrar General of India for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

Press Registrar General and other officers.

- (2) The Central Government may, by general or special order, appoint such other officers under the general superintendence and control of the Press Registrar General, as may be necessary, for the purpose of performing the functions assigned to the Press Registrar General by or under this Act and may, by such order provide for the distribution or allocation of functions to be performed by them under this Act.
- (3) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provisions, the Press Registrar General shall perform the following functions, namely:—
  - (a) issue a certificate of registration to a periodical;
  - (b) maintain a register of registered periodicals;
  - (c) make guidelines for admissibility and availability of title of a periodical;
  - (d) collect fees, as may be applicable, with regard to applications received by him under this Act;
  - (e) receive funds from the Central Government and disburse the same for implementation of the provisions of this Act;
  - (f) prepare and publish an annual report containing information in respect of the periodicals in India;
    - (g) any function incidental to, or connected with, clauses (a) to (f); and
  - (h) any other function as may be assigned to it by the Central Government for the effective implementation of the provisions of this Act.

# 6. The Press Registrar General shall-

- (a) obtain annual statements of a periodical;
- (b) verify the circulation figure of such class of periodicals in such manner and for such purpose, as may be prescribed, and shall have access to any relevant record or

Powers of Press Registrar General.

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document relating to a periodical in the possession of the owner of such periodical or printer thereof, and enter any premises where the business of such periodical is carried on at any reasonable time to inspect or take copies of the relevant records or documents or ask any question necessary for obtaining any information required to be furnished;

- (c) revise, suspend or cancel registration of a periodical;
- (d) requisition the services of an authorised person and such other person as may be specified by him for undertaking verification of circulation figure of a periodical.

Explanation.—For the removal of doubts, it is clarified that an "authorised person" means a Gazetted Officer of the Central Government, subordinate to the Press Registrar General, and authorised by the Press Registrar General in writing to function as his representative for discharging such functions as he may assign to such representative;

- (e) call for records, documents and such other information in respect of a printing press or a periodical as may be required in discharge of his duties;
- (f) call for information from a State Government or Union territory Administration or a specified authority regarding a periodical; and
  - (g) impose penalty.

#### CHAPTER IV

#### REGISTRATION OF PERIODICAL

Registration of periodical.

- 7. (1) A periodical shall be printed or published in India only in accordance with the provisions of this Act.
- (2) Every publisher of a periodical shall, with the authorisation of the owner of such periodical, obtain a certificate of registration from the Press Registrar General by making an online application to the Press Registrar General and the specified authority within whose local jurisdiction such periodical is proposed to be published, in such manner and on payment of such fee, with such documents and particulars, as may be prescribed.
- (3) The application referred to in sub-section (2) shall contain the title, which the publisher intends to assign to the periodical, and for that purpose the publisher may suggest one or more names for the title, in an order of preference, which is not the same or similar to a title already held by any other owner of a periodical either in the same language anywhere in India or in any other language in the same State, and which conforms to the guidelines made by the Press Registrar General for this purpose.
- (4) The specified authority referred to in sub-section (2) shall, either furnish its no-objection or comments on the application to the Press Registrar General within a period of sixty days:

Provided that no-objection of the specified authority shall not be required, where the application referred to in sub-section (2) is for registration of a periodical proposed to be published by the Central Government or a State Government or any authority under such Government.

(5) On receipt of an application referred to in sub-section (2), if the Press Registrar General is satisfied with its correctness and completeness and after taking into account the comments, if any, received from the specified authority within the period referred to in sub-section (4) and the guidelines relating to admissibility of titles, he shall issue a certificate of registration containing particulars of its periodicity, language, place of publication, details of the owner and the title of the periodical, in such form as may be prescribed:

Provided that the Press Registrar General may, after giving an opportunity of being heard and for reasons to be recorded in writing, refuse to issue the certificate of registration.

(6) The publisher of the periodical shall, on receipt of the certificate of registration, commence publication of the periodical:

Provided that if the publisher of the periodical fails to publish the periodical within twelve months from the end of the month in which the certificate of registration was issued, the Press Registrar General may cancel the certificate of registration and withdraw the title.

8.(1) A publisher of a periodical may make an application to the Press Registrar General for revision of particulars of the certificate of registration, or for revision of title, in such manner and with such particulars as may be prescribed.

Revision of certificate of registration or title

- (2) The Press Registrar General may, on being satisfied with the particulars of the revision applied for under sub-section (I), issue a revised certificate of registration or a revised title, to the publisher and intimate the same to the specified authority.
- 9. (1) The transfer of ownership of every periodical registered under section 7 shall be made in accordance with the provisions of this section.

Transfer of ownership of a periodical.

- (2) The owner of a periodical referred to in sub-section (1) shall apply for transfer of its ownership to the Press Registrar General by furnishing such documents, setting forth such particulars and on payment of such fee, as may be prescribed.
- (3) On receipt of an application from the owner of a periodical for transfer of ownership of such periodical, if the Press Registrar General is satisfied with its correctness and completeness, and after taking into account the comments, if any, received from the specified authority, he shall permit the transfer of ownership of that periodical:

Provided that the Press Registrar General may, after giving an opportunity of being heard and for reasons to be recorded in writing, refuse to permit such transfer of ownership of a periodical.

- (4) The owner of the periodical shall, on receipt of the permission from the Press Registrar General under sub-section (3), forward a copy of the same to the publisher, and the publisher shall apply and obtain a revised certificate of registration in accordance with the provisions of section 7.
- (5) The owner of a periodical shall intimate any change in the shareholding pattern of his company within fifteen days of such change being informed by him to the Registrar of Companies.
- 10. (1) The owner of a periodical may discontinue a periodical registered under this Act and shall, within six months of such discontinuation, intimate to the Press Registrar General and the specified authority, within whose local jurisdiction such periodical is published, about such discontinuation.

Discontinuation of a periodical.

- (2) The Press Registrar General shall, on receipt of intimation from the publisher under sub-section (1), cancel the certificate of registration of the discontinued periodical and remove the periodical along with its title from the register maintained under clause (b) of sub-section (3) of section 5.
- 11. (1) The Press Registrar General may, by order, for a period not less than thirty days but not exceeding one hundred and eighty days, suspend the certificate of registration of a periodical, if—

Suspension or cancellation of registration.

- (a) the registration was obtained on false representation or on concealment of any material fact; or
  - (b) the publisher has failed to publish the periodical continuously.

Explanation.—For the removal of doubts, it is hereby clarified that if a periodical publishes less than half of its issues, as are required to be published in a calendar year in accordance with the application made under sub-section (2) of section 7, such periodical shall be deemed to have failed to publish continuously; or

- (c) the publisher has given false particulars in the annual statement; or
- (d) the publisher has failed to furnish the annual statement within two years from the end of the financial year for which the annual statement was to be furnished.
- (2) The Press Registrar General may cancel the certificate of registration of a periodical, where the publisher fails to remove the defects of the grounds on which the said certificate was suspended under sub-section (1) before the expiry of the period of such suspension.

- (3) The Press Registrar General may, by order, cancel the certificate of registration of a periodical which—
  - (a) bears the same or similar title already held by any other owner of a periodical, either in the same language anywhere in India or in any other language in the same State or Union territory; or
    - (b) violates the guidelines made under sub-section (3) of section 7.
- (4) The Press Registrar General may, by order, cancel the certificate of Registration of a periodical where the owner or publisher of such periodical has been convicted by any court for an offence—
  - (a) involving terrorist act or unlawful activity; or
  - (b) for having done anything against the security of the State.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, the expressions "terrorist act" and "unlawful activity" shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in clauses (k) and (o) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967.

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- (5) No order for suspension or cancellation of certificate of registration shall be passed under this section, without giving an opportunity of being heard to the publisher or owner of the periodical, as the case may be.
- (6) A copy of order of suspension or cancellation passed under this section shall be made available to the Central Government or State Government or Union territory Administration, as the case may be, and to the specified authority.
- (7) The Press Registrar General may, after the cancellation of certificate of registration of a periodical under this section, issue a new certificate of registration to such periodical bearing another title, if the publisher of that periodical makes an application to that effect in conformity with the guidelines made under sub-section (3) of section 7.
- (8) The Press Registrar General may, in such circumstances and manner, as may be prescribed, authorise the specified authority to suspend or cancel the certificate of registration granted under section 7.

Annual statement to be furnished by periodical.

- 12. (1) The publisher of a periodical shall furnish to the Press Registrar General an annual statement in respect of the periodical, at such time, in such form and giving such particulars, as may be prescribed.
- (2) The publisher of every newspaper in India shall, subject to any rules made under this Act, deliver free of cost to the Press Registrar General and to the State Government one copy of each issue of such newspaper within forty-eight hours.

Annual report.

13. The Press Registrar General shall prepare and publish an annual report containing information in respect of the periodicals in India.

#### CHAPTER V

#### PENALTIES

Power of Press Registrar General to impose penalty.

- 14. (1) The Press Registrar General may impose penalty, if—
- (a) a periodical is published without obtaining a certificate of registration under section 7;
- (b) the publisher fails to furnish the annual statement as required under section 12 within one year from the end of the financial year in respect of which the annual statement was required to be furnished:

Provided that no order of imposition of penalty shall be passed without giving an opportunity of being heard to the publisher.

- (2) Where a periodical is published without obtaining a certificate of registration under section 7, the Press Registrar General may impose a penalty of an amount not exceeding five lakh rupees with a direction to the publisher to cease the publication of such periodical.
- (3) The quantum of penalty imposable under clause (b) of sub-section (1) shall be not less than ten thousand rupees but not exceeding twenty thousand rupees for the first default:

Provided that for every subsequent default, an enhanced penalty of twice such quantum may be imposed but shall not exceed two lakh rupees.

(4) Whoever fails to cease publication of periodical even after six months of issue of a direction under sub-section (2), or publishes any other periodical without obtaining a certificate of registration under section 7, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months.

#### CHAPTER VI

#### APPEAL

**15.** (*I*) There shall be an Appellate Board to be called the Press and Registration Appellate Board consisting of Chairperson, Press Council of India and two members to be nominated by the Press Council of India, from among its members:

Press and Registration Appellate Board.

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Provided that at least one of the two members shall be a person referred to in clause (d) or clause (e) of sub-section (3) of section 5 of the Press Council Act, 1978.

(2) Any person aggrieved by an order of refusal to issue the certificate of registration under sub-section (5) of section 7, or cancellation or suspension of registration under section 11, or order of imposition of penalty under section 14, may, within sixty days from the date on which such order is communicated to him, prefer an appeal before the Press and Registration Appellate Board:

Provided that the Press and Registration Appellate Board may admit an appeal after the expiry of the said period, if it is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from preferring the appeal on time.

- (3) On receipt of an appeal under this section, the Press and Registration Appellate Board may, after calling for the records and after making such further inquiries as it deems fit, confirm, modify or set aside the order appealed against.
- (4) The manner and procedure to be followed for preferring appeals, calling for records and making inquires under this section shall be such as may be laid down by the Chairperson, Press Council of India.

#### CHAPTER VII

#### MISCELLANEOUS

**16.** (1) Without prejudice to the foregoing provisions of this Act, the Central Government may give directions on matters of policy to the Press Registrar General, in writing, from time to time and the Press Registrar General shall, in the discharge of his powers and functions under this Act, be bound by such directions.

Power of Central Government to issue directions.

- (2) The decision of the Central Government as to whether a question is one of policy or not shall be final.
- 17. The Press Registrar General and all officers appointed under this Act shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code.

Press Registrar General and other officers to be public servants.

18. No suit or other legal proceedings shall lie against the Central Government or State Government or Union territory Administration or the Press Registrar General or any officer or employee authorised by the Press Registrar General, for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of this Act or the rules made thereunder.

Protection of action taken in good faith.

19. (1) The Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, after previous publication, make rules to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Power of Central Government to make rules.

- (2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provisions, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—
  - (a) the manner and particulars for furnishing an intimation before the specified authority by the printing press under section 3;
  - (b) the manner of registration of a facsimile edition of a foreign periodical under sub-section (3) of section 4;
  - (c) the manner of verification of circulation figure of class of periodicals under clause (b) of section 6;
  - (d) the form, fees and manner of making an online application, documents to be furnished and particulars to be set forth under sub-section (2) of section 7;

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- (e) the form in which and the particulars along with which a certificate of registration shall be issued under sub-section (5) of section 7;
- (f) the manner of making an application and particulars to be set forth therein under sub-section (I) of section 8;
- (g) the form, fees and manner of making an application, documents to be furnished and particulars to be set forth under sub-section (2) of section 9;
- (h) the circumstances and manner for authorising the specified authority to suspend or cancel the certificate of registration under sub-section (7) of section 11;
  - (i) the form, time and particulars for furnishing an annual statement under section 12;
- (j) any other matter which is required to be, or may be, prescribed under the provisions of this Act.
- (3) The State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette of the State, make such rules not inconsistent with the rules made by the Central Government, as may be necessary or desirable for carrying out the objects of this Act.
- (4) Every rule made by the State Government under sub-section (3) shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before the State Legislature.

Power to remove difficulties.

**20.** (1) If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Central Government may, by order published in the Official Gazette, make such provisions not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, as appear to it to be necessary or expedient for removing the difficulty:

Provided that no such order shall be made under this section after the expiry of three years from the commencement of this Act.

(2) Every order made under this section shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before each House of Parliament.

Laying of rules and notification. 21. Every rule made or notification issued by the Central Government under this Act shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made or issued, before each House of Parliament while it is in session, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or notification or both Houses agree that the rule or notification should not be made or issued, the rule or notification shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule or notification.

Repeal and savings.

22. (1) The Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867 is hereby repealed.

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal,—

- (a) anything done or any action taken or purported to have been done or taken including any rule, notification, inspection, order or declaration made or any document or instrument executed or any direction given or any proceedings taken or any penalty or fine imposed under the Act hereby repealed shall, in so far as it is not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of this Act;
- (b) any declaration, including title thereof, so made and authenticated under the provisions of the Act hereby repealed, shall be deemed to have been made and authenticated under the corresponding provisions of this Act;
- (c) any proceeding pending in any court at the commencement of this Act may be continued in that court as if this Act has not been passed;
- (d) the Press Registrar General and other officers appointed under the Act hereby repealed and holding office as such immediately before the commencement of this Act, shall, on the commencement of this Act, continue to hold their respective offices under the corresponding provisions of this Act, unless and until they are removed or superannuated;

- (e) the Press and Registration Appellate Board established under the Act hereby repealed shall continue to function under the corresponding provisions of this Act, unless and until the Press and Registration Appellate Board is constituted under this Act:
- (f) any appeal preferred to the Press and Registration Appellate Board hereby repealed and not disposed of before the commencement of this Act, may be disposed of by the Press and Registration Appellate Board constituted under this Act;
- (g) any penalty payable under the Act hereby repealed may be recovered in the manner provided by or under this Act, but without prejudice to any action already taken for the recovery of such penalty under the Act so repealed;
- (h) any certificate of registration issued or granted under the Act hereby repealed shall continue to have effect after the commencement of this Act under the same conditions as if this Act had not been passed.

(3) The matters referred to in clauses (a) to (h) of sub-section (2) shall not be held to prejudice or affect the general application of section 6 of the General Clauses Act, 1897 with 10 of 1897. regard to the effect of such repeal.

> S.K.G. RAHATE, Secretary to the Govt. of India.

> > NAME OF

# SALIENT FEATURES OF PRESS AND REGISTRATION OF PERIODICALS ACT 2023

# Grant of title allotment and Certificate of Registration Periodicals

- The Act provides for a simple online mechanism to apply for title verification and grant of certificate of registration by the Press Registrar General to a periodical as a simultaneous process.
- There is no requirement of furnishing any declaration before the local authority or its authentication by the local authority.
- A person who has been convicted by any court for an offence involving terrorist act or unlawful activity, or having done anything against the security of the State shall not be permitted to bring out a periodical.
- Facsimile edition of a foreign periodical can be printed in India with prior approval of the Central Government and its registration with the Press Registrar General.

# **Printing Presses**

- A printer of a periodical to furnish an online intimation to the Press Registrar General and the local authority.
- No requirement by the Printer to file any declaration before the local authority or obtain authentication from the authority.

# Role of District magistrate/local authority

- The Act envisages minimalistic role of the District Magistrate/local authority with regard to grant of Certificate of Registration and title allotment.
- On receipt of an application, the District Magistrate is expected to provide its comments/NOC to the Press Registrar General within 60 days; thereafter the Press Registrar General can proceed to take a decision for grant of registration even where the comments/NOC are not received from the DM/local authority after 60 days.
- No requirement for a publisher to file any declaration before the District Magistrate.

#### Penalties

 The Act substantially decriminalizes all violations under the statute except in the case where a periodical is published without obtaining Certificate of Registration and even after 6 months of issuance of direction by the Press Registrar General to stop the periodical, the publisher does not cease that publication. In such case, the person

- would be liable for a punishment leading to imprisonment up to 6 months.
- Financial penalty to be imposed by the Press Registrar General has been provided where a periodical is published without obtaining a Certificate of Registration (up to Rs. 5 lakh), and the publisher fails to furnish the annual statement within one year from the end of the financial year in respect of which annual statement is to be furnished (of Rs. 10,000-20,000/- for the first default with a maximum amount of Rs. 2 lakh for subsequent default.

# Suspension of Certificate of Registration

- Press Registrar General has been empowered to suspend Certificate of Registration under the following circumstances:-
  - (a) Registration was obtained on false representation or on concealment of material fact
  - (b) The periodical is not published continuously
  - (c) False particulars are given in the annual statement
  - (d) Annual statement is not filed even after two years for which it is to be filed.

# Cancellation of Certificate of Registration

- Press Registrar General may cancel Certificate of Registration in the following circumstances:-
- a) Where a publisher fails to remove the defects of the grounds on which certificate was suspended
- b) The periodical bears same or similar title already held by some other publisher in other language in the same State or in any other language either in the same or other State or UT
- c) Where the owner or publisher of the periodical has been convicted by any court for an offence involving terrorist act or unlawful activity or having done anything against the security of the State.

# Appellate mechanism

 The Act provides for an Appellate Board (Press and Registration Appellate board) consisting of chairperson, Press Council of India and two members of the Press Council of India to hear an appeal against refusal of grant of registration, imposition of any penalty or suspension/cancellation of registration by the Press Registrar General.

Annexure - C

रजिस्ट्री सं. डी.एल.- 33004/99

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# HRCI an USIUSI The Gazette of India

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## असाधारण EXTRAORDINARY

भाग II—खण्ड 3—उप-खण्ड (ii) PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (ii)

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No. 681

नई दिल्ली, शुक्रवार, जनवरी 5, 2024/पौष 15, 1945 NEW DELHI, FRIDAY, JANUARY 5, 2024/PAUSHA 15, 1945

# सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्रालय

# अधिसूचना

नई दिल्ली, 5 जनवरी, 2024

का.आ. 73(अ).—केंद्र सरकार का 29.12.2023 को अधिसूचित प्रेस और नियतकालिक पत्रिका रजिस्ट्रीकरण अधिनियम, 2023 की धारा 19 के तहत प्रदत्त शक्तियों के तहत इस अधिनियम के प्रावधानों को पूरा करने के लिए प्रेस और नियतकालिक पत्रिका रजिस्ट्रीकरण नियम, 2024 जारी करने का प्रस्ताव है। इस उद्देश्य के लिए केंद्र सरकार द्वारा निम्नलिखित ड्राफ्ट प्रेस और नियतकालिक पत्रिका रजिस्ट्रीकरण नियम, 2024 को अधिसूचित करने का प्रस्ताव है। हितधारक और आम जनता डाक या ई-मेल के माध्यम से "श्री अमरेंद्र सिंह, उप सचिव (आईपी), सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्रालय, कमरा नंबर 760, ए-विंग" शास्त्री भवन, नई दिल्ली-110001, ई-मेल आईडी: amarendra.singh@nic.in को ड्राफ्ट प्रेस और नियतकालिक पत्रिका रजिस्ट्रीकरण नियम, 2024 पर इस अधिसूचना के प्रकाशन के 30 दिनों के भीतर अपने सुझाव / टिप्पणियाँ प्रदान कर सकते हैं।

प्रेस और नियतकालिक पत्रिका रजिस्ट्रीकरण नियम, 2024

भाग I - प्रारंभिक

संक्षिप्त नाम, विस्तार और प्रारंभ

1. (1) इन नियमों को प्रेस और नियतकालिक पत्रिका रजिस्ट्रीकरण नियम, 2024 कहा जाएगा।

- (2) ये आधिकारिक राजपत्र में इसके प्रकाशन की तारीख से प्रभावी होंगे।
- (3) इनका विस्तार सम्पूर्ण भारत तक होगा।

# परिभाषाएं

- 2. (1) इन नियमों में, जब तक कि संदर्भ से अन्यथा अपेक्षित न हो,-
- (क) 'अधिनियम' से प्रेस और नियतकालिक पत्रिका रजिस्ट्रीकरण अधिनियम, 2023 अभिप्रेत है;
- (ख) 'भारत कोष' से किसी भी शुल्क/जुर्माने/अन्य धन को सरकारी खाते में जमा करने के लिए भारत सरकार की ऑनलाइन सेवा विंडो अभिप्रेत है;
- (ग) 'केंद्रीय संचार ब्यूरो' से संचार के विभिन्न माध्यमों ऑडियो-विजुअल, प्रिंट, इलेक्ट्रॉनिक, डिजिटल, प्रदर्शनियों, बाहरी कार्यकलापों का उपयोग करके विज्ञापन और आउटरीच कार्यकलापों के माध्यम से सरकारी नीतियों और कार्यक्रमों पर जानकारी के प्रसार के लिए केंद्र सरकार का संबद्ध कार्यालय अभिप्रेत है;
- (घ) 'वित्तीय वर्ष' से प्रत्येक वर्ष मार्च के 31वें दिन समाप्त होने वाली अवधि अभिप्रेत है;
- (ङ) 'नेशनल सिंगल विंडो सिस्टम' (एनएसडब्ल्यूएस) से केंद्र सरकार का डिजिटल प्लेटफॉर्म (https://www.nsws.gov.in) अभिप्रेत है जो विभिन्न अनुमोदनों, अनुमतियों और पंजीकरणों के लिए व्यक्तियों की पहचान करने और आवेदन करने में मार्गदर्शन करता है;
- (च) 'मंत्रालय' से सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्रालय, भारत सरकार अभिप्रेत है;
- (छ) 'प्रेस सूचना ब्यूरो' से प्रेस विज्ञप्ति, प्रेस नोट्स, फीचर लेख, बैकग्राउंडर, प्रेस ब्रीफिंग, साक्षात्कार, प्रेस कॉन्फ्रेंस, प्रेस टूर सहित विभिन्न हस्तक्षेपों और कार्यकलापों के माध्यम से सरकारी नीतियों, कार्यक्रमों, पहलों और उपलब्धियों पर प्रिंट, इलेक्ट्रॉनिक और सोशल मीडिया पर जानकारी प्रसारित करने के लिए केंद्र सरकार का संबद्ध कार्यालय अभिप्रेत है;
- (ज) 'प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल' से प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल द्वारा अधिनियम के तहत यथापेक्षित विभिन्न आवेदन, सूचनाएं और ऐसे अन्य दस्तावेज, फॉर्म, नियतकालिक पत्रिका के रजिस्ट्रीकरण प्रमाण पत्र और वार्षिक विवरण के प्रारूप, जिसमें निम्नलिखित शामिल हैं, प्राप्त करने के लिए विकसित ऑनलाइन पोर्टल अभिप्रेत है;
  - (i) किसी नियतकालिक पत्रिका के मुद्रक द्वारा सूचना;
  - (ii) किसी विदेशी नियतकालिक पत्रिका के प्रतिकृति संस्करण का रजिस्ट्रीकरण;
  - (iii) किसी नियतकालिक पत्रिका के रजिस्ट्रीकरण का प्रमाण पत्र प्राप्त करने के लिए प्रकाशक द्वारा आवेदन पत्र;
  - (iv) रजिस्ट्रीकरण प्रमाणपत्र में संशोधन के लिए आवेदन पत्र;
  - (v) रजिस्ट्रीकरण प्रमाणपत्र के स्वामित्व के हस्तांतरण के लिए आवेदन पत्र;
  - (vi) किसी नियतकालिक पत्रिका के रजिस्ट्रीकरण प्रमाणपत्र का प्रारूप;
  - (vii) किसी नियतकालिक पत्रिका के प्रकाशक द्वारा वार्षिक विवरण प्रस्तुत करने का प्रारूप;
  - (viii) शीर्षक आवंटन के लिए दिशानिर्देश;
  - (ix) किसी नियतकालिक पत्रिका के प्रसार के सत्यापन के लिए डेस्क ऑडिट की प्रक्रिया;
- (2) इन नियमों में 'प्रपत्रों' के सभी संदर्भों को प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल में निर्धारित प्रपत्रों के संदर्भ के रूप में माना जाएगा।

(3) यहां प्रयुक्त और परिभाषित नहीं किए गए लेकिन अधिनियम में परिभाषित अन्य सभी शब्दों और अभिव्यक्तियों के क्रमशः वही अर्थ होंगे जो उन्हें अधिनियम में दिए गए हैं।

# भाग II - एक मुद्रक द्वारा सूचना

- 3. (1) किसी नियतकालिक पत्रिका का मुद्रक, किसी नियतकालिक पत्रिका की प्रिंटिंग प्रेस शुरू करने के पंद्रह दिनों के भीतर, प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल और निर्दिष्ट प्राधिकारी, जिसके अधिकार क्षेत्र में प्रिंटिंग प्रेस स्थित है, को प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल में निर्दिष्ट विवरण और दस्तावेज़ देते हुए प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल पर एक सूचना भेजेगा।
- (2) जहां, उप-नियम (1) के तहत सूचना भेजने के बाद, सूचना में उल्लिखित विवरणों में कोई परिवर्तन होता है, मुद्रक प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल और निर्दिष्ट प्राधिकारी को विवरणों के परिवर्तनों के बारे में सूचित करेगा।
- (3) जहां विवरण में परिवर्तन प्रिंटिंग प्रेस के स्थान में परिवर्तन से संबंधित है जो किसी अन्य निर्दिष्ट प्राधिकारी के स्थानीय अधिकार क्षेत्र के अंतर्गत आता हो, मुद्रक प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल पर प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल और अन्य निर्दिष्ट प्राधिकारी को एक नई सूचना ऑनलाइन भेजेगा और उस निर्दिष्ट प्राधिकारी को भी सूचित करेगा जिसे मूल सूचना भेजी गई थी।

# भाग III - एक विदेशी नियतकालिक पत्रिका के प्रतिकृति संस्करण का रजिस्ट्रीकरण

- 4. (1) एक भारतीय इकाई भारत में एक विदेशी नियतकालिक पत्रिका के प्रतिकृति संस्करण को प्रकाशित करने के लिए केंद्र सरकार से अनुमोदन प्राप्त करने के लिए मंत्रालय द्वारा इस उद्देश्य के लिए तैयार किए गए और नेशनल सिंगल विंडो सिस्टम पर उपलब्ध दिशानिर्देशों के अनुसार नेशनल सिंगल विंडो सिस्टम पर आवेदन करेगी।
- (2) मंत्रालय उप-नियम (1) में निर्दिष्ट आवेदन पर कार्रवाई करने के बाद, और आवेदन के संबंध में इकाई से किसी भी अतिरिक्त जानकारी की मांग करने के बाद, प्रतिकृति संस्करण के प्रकाशन के लिए अनुमोदन में निर्दिष्ट नियमों और शर्तों के साथ इकाई को अनुमोदन देगा और इसे नेशनल सिंगल विंडो सिस्टम पर संप्रेषित करेगा।
- (3) जहां मंत्रालय की राय है कि अनुमोदन नहीं दिया जा सकता है, वह एक लिखित आदेश द्वारा अस्वीकृति के कारणों के साथ अपना निर्णय बताएगा, और उसे नेशनल सिंगल विंडो सिस्टम पर सूचित किया जाएगा।
- (4) भारतीय इकाई, उप-नियम (2) के तहत मंजूरी मिलने के पंद्रह दिनों के भीतर, भारत में विदेशी नियतकालिक पत्रिका, के प्रतिकृति संस्करण के प्रकाशन के लिए रजिस्ट्रीकरण प्रमाण पत्र देने के लिए प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल में निर्दिष्ट दस्तावेजों के साथ संलग्न करके, और उसमें निर्दिष्ट भुगतान के किसी भी तरीके से भारत कोष पर दस हजार रुपये की फीस का भुगतान कर प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल पर प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल को आवेदन करेगी।
- (5) प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल आवेदन पर कार्रवाई करेगा, और आवेदन की शुद्धता और पूर्णता से संतुष्ट होने के बाद, और आवेदन को संसाधित करने के लिए इकाई से प्राप्त होने वाली किसी भी अतिरिक्त जानकारी या मंत्रालय से प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल पर, प्राप्त टिप्पणियों यदि कोई हों, पर विचार करेगा और विदेशी नियतकालिक पत्रिका के प्रतिकृति संस्करण के भारत में प्रकाशन के लिए इकाई को रजिस्ट्रीकरण का प्रमाण पत्र जारी कर सकता है।
- (6) इकाई उप-नियम (5) के तहत प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल द्वारा रजिस्ट्रीकरण प्रमाणपत्र प्रदान करने के बाद ही भारत में प्रतिकृति संस्करण का प्रकाशन शुरू करेगी।
- बशर्ते कि जहां कोई इकाई रजिस्ट्रीकरण प्रमाणपत्र देने से पहले भारत में प्रतिकृति संस्करण का प्रकाशन शुरू कर दे, प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल रजिस्ट्रीकरण प्रमाणपत्र देने से अस्वीकृति कर सकता है और ऐसे प्रकाशन के संबंध में मंत्रालय को भी सूचित कर सकता है।
- (7) जहां मंत्रालय उप-नियम (5) के तहत रजिस्ट्रीकरण प्रमाणपत्र देने से पहले भारत में प्रतिकृति संस्करण के प्रकाशन के संबंध में स्वयं या प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल या किसी अन्य प्राधिकारी से प्राप्त जानकारी के आधार पर, उप-नियम (2) के तहत इसके द्वारा दिए गए अनुमोदन को निलंबित या रद्द कर सकता है।

# भाग IV - रजिस्ट्रीकरण प्रमाणपत्र प्रदान करना

# धारा 7 के अंतर्गत किसी नियतकालिक पत्रिका के रजिस्ट्रीकरण का प्रमाण पत्र प्रदान करना

- 5. (1) एक नियतकालिक पत्रिका शुरू करने का इरादा रखने वाले प्रकाशक को प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल पर उपलब्ध प्रेस रिजस्ट्रार जनरल द्वारा जारी शीर्षक आवंटन पर दिशानिर्देशों का पालन सुनिश्चित करते हुए, प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल पर निर्दिष्ट दस्तावेजों के साथ प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल पर ऑनलाइन आवेदन करना होगा और उसमें निर्दिष्ट भुगतान के किसी भी तरीके से भारत कोष में आवेदन के लिए एक हजार रुपये की फीस का भुगतान करना होगा।
- (2) उप-नियम (1) में निर्दिष्ट आवेदन प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल को संबोधित किया जाएगा, और उस निर्दिष्ट प्राधिकारी को पृष्ठांकित किया जाएगा जिसके स्थानीय क्षेत्राधिकार के भीतर नियतकालिक पत्रिका प्रकाशित करने का प्रस्ताव है, और प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल से प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल और निर्दिष्ट प्राधिकारी को ऑनलाइन भेजा जाएगा।
- (3) आवेदन के सफल अपलोर्डिंग पर, प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल एक अद्वितीय 10 अंकों वाले अल्फ़ान्यूमेरिक आवेदक संदर्भ संख्या (एआरएन) के साथ एक पावती सृजित करेगा, और प्रकाशक और प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल भविष्य के सभी पत्राचार और संदर्भों के लिए एआरएन का उपयोग करेंगे।
- (4) जहां प्रकाशक इस प्रकार प्रस्तुत आवेदन में कोई सुधार करना या कोई चूक या त्रुटि दूर करना चाहता है, वह आवेदन प्रस्तुत करने के तीन दिनों के भीतर ऐसा कर सकता है।
- (5) प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल आवेदन की पूर्णता, अपेक्षित शुल्क के भुगतान और दस्तावेजों को प्रस्तुत करने, शीर्षक आवंटन पर दिशानिर्देशों के पालन और आवेदन पर कार्रवाई के लिए आवश्यक अन्य विवरणों, के संबंध में सत्यापन करेगा और आवेदन की प्राप्ति के सात कार्य दिवसों के भीतर और उप-नियम (4) के तहत निर्दिष्ट अतिरिक्त समय में प्रकाशक को ऑनलाइन संचार जारी करेगा, जिसमें प्रस्तुत किए गए आवेदन में कमियों, यदि कोई हो, को निर्दिष्ट करते हुए, जिसमें संलग्न दस्तावेज, भुगतान या ऐसी कोई कमी, जैसा कि निर्दिष्ट किया जा सकता है, शामिल होगी, जिसे आवेदन पर कार्रवाई के लिए हटाया जाना आवश्यक माना जाता है।
- (6) प्रकाशक, उप-नियम (5) में निर्दिष्ट संचार प्राप्त होने के तीस दिनों की अवधि के भीतर, प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल पर किमयों को दूर करने के लिए सभी अपेक्षित विवरण और ब्यौरे प्रस्तुत करेगा।
- बशर्ते कि जहां प्रकाशक प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल द्वारा किमयों के बारे में सूचित करने की तारीख से तीस दिनों की अवधि के भीतर किमयों को दूर करने में विफल रहता है, तो प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल द्वारा आवेदन को अस्वीकार कर दिया जा सकता है।
- (7) प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल उप-नियम (2) के तहत प्रस्तुत विवरण सिहत आवेदन पर कार्रवाई करेगा, और प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल पर निर्दिष्ट प्राधिकारी से प्राप्त टिप्पणियों, यदि कोई हों, शीर्षक की स्वीकार्यता के संबंध में दिशानिर्देशों, को ध्यान में रखते हुए और इससे संतुष्ट होने पर, प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल में निर्दिष्ट प्रारूप में प्रकाशक को रजिस्ट्रीकरण प्रमाणपत्र जारी करेगा, और प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल से निर्दिष्ट प्राधिकारी को एक प्रति भी भेजेगा।
- (8) जहां निर्दिष्ट प्राधिकारी की टिप्पणियों पर विचार करने के बाद, प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल की यह राय है, या जहां आवेदन में कमी रह गई है और निर्दिष्ट समय के भीतर प्रकाशक द्वारा किमयों को दूर नहीं किया गया है, तो रजिस्ट्रीकरण की आवश्यकता नहीं है, यह प्रकाशक को इसके कारण बताते हुए एक ऑनलाइन संचार जारी करेगा और प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल पर संचार का उत्तर प्रस्तुत करने के लिए प्रकाशक को दस दिन का समय देगा।
- (9) प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल, उप-नियम (8) में निर्दिष्ट प्रकाशक के लिखित उत्तर पर विचार करने के बाद, या तो रजिस्ट्रीकरण का प्रमाण पत्र दे सकता है या नियतकालिक पत्रिका का रजिस्ट्रीकरण देने से इंकार कर सकता है।
- बशर्ते कि जहां प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल यह निर्णय लेता है कि रजिस्ट्रीकरण नहीं दिया जाएगा, वह इसके लिए आधार और कारण निर्दिष्ट करते हुए एक मौखिक आदेश पारित करेगा और इसे प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल पर प्रकाशक को भेजेगा।

# धारा 8 के अंतर्गत रजिस्ट्रीकरण प्रमाणपत्र के विवरण का संशोधन

- 6. (1) एक प्रकाशक, जिसे धारा 7 के तहत किसी नियतकालिक पत्रिका के लिए रजिस्ट्रीकरण का प्रमाण पत्र दिया गया है, वह प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल पर प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल को प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल में निर्दिष्ट दस्तावेजों के साथ और उसमें निर्दिष्ट भुगतान के किसी भी तरीके से भारत कोष को एक हजार रुपये की फीस का भुगतान करने पर प्रमाण पत्र के विवरण में संशोधन के लिए आवेदन कर सकता है।
- (2) जिन विवरणों के लिए प्रमाणपत्र में संशोधन के लिए आवेदन किया जा सकता है उनमें निम्नलिखित शामिल हो सकते हैं:
- (क) नियतकालिक पत्रिका की भाषा;
- (ख) शीर्षक आवंटन पर दिशानिर्देशों के अनुसार नियतकालिक पत्रिका का शीर्षक;
- (ग) नियतकालिक पत्रिका के संपादक;
- (घ) नियतकालिक पत्रिका का प्रिंटिंग प्रेस;
- (ङ) राज्य/संघ राज्य क्षेत्र के भीतर नियतकालिक पत्रिका के प्रकाशन का स्थान;
- (च) नियतकालिक पत्रिका की आवधिकता।
- (3) प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल, उप-नियम (1) में निर्दिष्ट आवेदन पर कार्रवाई करने के बाद, और, उप-नियम (2) के खंड (ङ) में निर्दिष्ट प्रकाशन के स्थान में परिवर्तन के कारण निर्दिष्ट प्राधिकारी में परिवर्तन की स्थित में निर्दिष्ट प्राधिकारी की टिप्पणियाँ प्राप्त करने के बाद, जिसके अधिकार क्षेत्र में प्रकाशन का नया स्थान स्थित है, साठ दिनों की अवधि के भीतर, और आवेदन और उसके साथ संलग्न दस्तावेजों की शुद्धता संबंधी विवरण से संतुष्ट होने के बाद, अधिमानतः पंद्रह कार्य दिवसों के भीतर नियतकालिक पत्रिका के संबंध में रजिस्ट्रीकरण का एक संशोधित प्रमाण पत्र जारी करेगा और निर्दिष्ट प्राधिकारी को एक प्रति भी भेजेगा।

बशर्ते कि पंद्रह कार्य दिवसों में आवेदन की शुद्धता और पूर्णता की पुष्टि करने के लिए आवेदक से प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल द्वारा प्राप्त निर्दिष्ट प्राधिकारी की टिप्पणियां और विवरण, यदि कोई हो, प्राप्त करने में लगने वाला साठ दिन का समय शामिल नहीं होगा।

(4) जहां किसी नियतकालिक पत्रिका का स्वामी, जिसे नियम 5 के तहत रजिस्ट्रीकरण का प्रमाण पत्र दिया गया है, प्रकाशक को बदलने का इरादा रखता है, नए प्रकाशक को रजिस्ट्रीकरण के संशोधित प्रमाण पत्र के लिए आवेदन करना होगा और नियम 5 के सभी प्रावधान लागू होंगे.

# धारा 9 के तहत नियतकालिक पत्रिका के स्वामित्व का हस्तांतरण

- 7. (1) जहां किसी नियतकालिक पत्रिका का स्वामी, जिसके संबंध में नियम 5 के तहत रजिस्ट्रीकरण प्रमाणपत्र प्रदान किया गया है, उस नियतकालिक पत्रिका के स्वामित्व को किसी अन्य व्यक्ति या इकाई को हस्तांतरित करने का इरादा रखता है, तो ऐसा व्यक्ति या इकाई अंतरिती के रूप में परिवर्तन के लिए प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल पर प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल को आवेदन करके, प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल में निर्दिष्ट दस्तावेजों को संलग्न करके, और निर्दिष्ट भुगतान के किसी भी तरीके से भारत कोष में एक हजार रुपये की फीस का भुगतान करके नियतकालिक पत्रिका का स्वामित्व प्राप्त करने के लिए आवेदन कर सकता है।
- (2) आवेदन को अंतरिती द्वारा उस निर्दिष्ट प्राधिकारी को भी पृष्ठांकित किया जाएगा जिसके स्थानीय क्षेत्राधिकार के भीतर अंतरिती के व्यवसाय का मुख्य स्थान स्थित है, और प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल से निर्दिष्ट प्राधिकारी को ऑनलाइन भेजा जाएगा।

- (3) प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल आवेदन पर कार्रवाई करेगा और साठ दिनों की अवधि के भीतर उप-नियम (2) में निर्दिष्ट निर्दिष्ट प्राधिकारी से प्राप्त टिप्पणियों, यदि कोई हों, पर विचार करने के बाद, और इसकी शुद्धता और पूर्णता से संतुष्ट होने के बाद। स्वामी द्वारा प्रस्तुत दस्तावेज़, नियतकालिक पत्रिका के स्वामित्व में परिवर्तन की अनुमति प्रदान करते हैं।
- (4) निर्दिष्ट प्राधिकारी की टिप्पणियों और अन्य कारकों पर विचार करने के बाद, जहां प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल की राय है, कि स्वामित्व में बदलाव की अनुमति नहीं दी जानी चाहिए, वह स्वामी को इसके कारण बताते हुए एक ऑनलाइन संचार जारी करेगा और स्वामी को संचार का लिखित उत्तर प्रस्तुत करने के लिए दस दिन का समय देगा।
- (5) प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल, उप-नियम (4) में निर्दिष्ट स्वामी के लिखित उत्तर पर विचार करने के बाद या तो स्वामित्व में बदलाव की अनुमति दे सकता है और प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल पर बदलाव के लिए लिखित अनुमति जारी कर सकता है, या स्वामित्व में परिवर्तन की अनुमति प्रदान करने से अस्वीकृति कर सकता है।

बशर्ते कि जहां प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल यह निर्णय लेता है कि स्वामित्व परिवर्तन की अनुमित नहीं दी जाएगी, वह इसके लिए आधार और कारण निर्दिष्ट करते हुए एक स्पष्ट आदेश पारित करेगा और इसे प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल पर नियतकालिक पत्रिका के स्वामी को भेजेगा।

(6) जहां रजिस्ट्रीकरण प्रमाणपत्र के विवरण में परिवर्तन केवल नियतकालिक पत्रिका के स्वामित्व में परिवर्तन तक सीमित है, प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार रजिस्ट्रीकरण का संशोधित प्रमाणपत्र प्रदान करेगा।

बशर्ते कि जहां स्वामित्व में परिवर्तन में नियतकालिक पत्रिका के अन्य विवरणों में परिवर्तन शामिल हो, प्रकाशक या नया प्रकाशक, जैसा भी मामला हो, उप-नियम (5) के तहत उल्लिखित लिखित अनुमति की प्राप्ति के तीस दिनों के भीतर नियम 5 के प्रावधानों के अनुसार रजिस्ट्रीकरण प्रदान करने के लिए आवेदन करेगा।

(7) जहां किसी नियतकालिक पत्रिका का स्वामी कंपनी अधिनियम, 2013 के तहत पंजीकृत कंपनी है, और धारा 7 के तहत नियतकालिक पत्रिका के रजिस्ट्रीकरण प्रमाण पत्र प्रदान करने के समय कंपनी के शेयरधारिता पैटर्न में शेयरधारिता पैटर्न से कोई बदलाव होता है, कंपनी में अधिकृत व्यक्ति प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल पर प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल को किए गए परिवर्तनों के बारे में सूचित करेगा, जिसमें प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल में निर्दिष्ट अन्य दस्तावेजों के साथ नए शेयरधारकों के नाम, पते और अन्य विवरणों का पूरा विवरण दिया जाएगा।

# धारा 10 के अंतर्गत किसी नियतकालिक पत्रिका को बंद करना

8. जहां किसी नियतकालिक पत्रिका का स्वामी, जिसे धारा 7 के तहत रजिस्ट्रीकरण का प्रमाण पत्र दिया गया है, नियतकालिक पत्रिका का प्रकाशन बंद करने का निर्णय लेता है, तो उससे ऐसे बंद होने के छह महीने के भीतर, प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल और निर्दिष्ट प्राधिकारी को इस तरह की समाप्ति के संबंध में प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल पर ऑनलाइन सूचना भेजनी होगी।

# भाग V - विविध

# धारा 12 के तहत प्रस्तुत किया जाने वाला वार्षिक विवरण

- 9. (1) एक प्रकाशक जिसे धारा 7 के तहत रजिस्ट्रीकरण का प्रमाण पत्र दिया गया है, उसे पिछले वित्तीय वर्ष के संबंध में एक कैलेंडर वर्ष के 31 मई तक प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल पर एक वार्षिक विवरण प्रस्तुत करना होगा, जिसमें इस उद्देश्य के लिए प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल में उल्लिखित और निर्दिष्ट विवरण और दस्तावेज़ शामिल होंगे।
- (2) जहां प्रकाशक अपने नियंत्रण से परे परिस्थितियों के कारण उप-नियम (1) में उल्लिखित निर्धारित तिथि तक वार्षिक विवरण प्रस्तुत करने में असमर्थ है, तो वह प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल के पूर्व अनुमोदन से वार्षिक विवरण प्रस्तुत करने में देरी की परिस्थितियों को ध्यान में रखते हुए प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल द्वारा यथा अनुमत विस्तारित अवधि के भीतर वार्षिक विवरण प्रस्तुत कर सकता है।

बशर्ते कि विस्तारित अवधि कैलेंडर वर्ष के 31 दिसंबर से अधिक नहीं होगी।

सकता है।

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# धारा 12 के अंतर्गत नियतकालिक पत्रिका का वितरण

- 10. (1) प्रकाशक, समाचार पत्र के प्रकाशन के 48 घंटों के भीतर, समाचार पत्र का इलेक्ट्रॉनिक संस्करण प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल पर अपलोड करेगा।
- (2) किसी राज्य/संघ राज्य क्षेत्र में प्रकाशक को समाचार पत्र की भौतिक प्रति, हर महीने, उन सभी दिनों के लिए, जिनके लिए अखबार पिछले महीने के दौरान प्रकाशित होता है, के पांचवें दिन उस राज्य/संघ राज्य क्षेत्र में स्थित प्रेस सूचना ब्यूरों के कार्यालय में पहुंचानी होगी।

बशर्ते कि प्रकाशक अपनी सुविधानुसार समाचार पत्र की एक प्रति प्रेस सूचना ब्यूरो के कार्यालय में अधिक बार पहुंचा सकता है।

बशर्ते कि किसी राज्य/संघ राज्य क्षेत्र में जहां पीआईबी का कोई कार्यालय नहीं है, प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल प्रकाशक से समाचार पत्र प्राप्त करने के लिए उस राज्य/संघ राज्य क्षेत्र में मंत्रालय के तहत एक अधिकारी को अधिकृत करेगा।

- (3) किसी राज्य/संघ राज्य क्षेत्र में प्रकाशक अखबार की भौतिक प्रति, हर महीने, उन सभी दिनों के लिए, जिनके लिए अखबार पिछले महीने के दौरान प्रकाशित होता है, के पांचवें दिन राज्य सरकार/संघ राज्य क्षेत्र प्रशासन के ऐसे कार्यालय को वितरित करेगा, जिसे राज्य सरकार/संघ राज्य क्षेत्र प्रशासन द्वारा इस उद्देश्य के लिए अधिकृत किया जा सकता है। बशर्ते कि प्रकाशक अपनी सुविधानुसार समाचार पत्र की एक प्रति इस प्रकार अधिकृत कार्यालय में अधिक बार पहुंचा
- (4) यह सुनिश्चित करने के लिए कि क्या समाचार पत्र लगातार प्रकाशित हो रहा है, धारा 11 की उपधारा (1) के खंड (ख) में निर्दिष्ट नियम (1) से (3) के अनुपालन पर विचार किया जाएगा।

धारा 6 के तहत प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल द्वारा नियतकालिक पत्रिका के परिचालन संबंधी आंकड़ों का सत्यापन।

- 11. (1) प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल निम्नलिखित वर्गों और श्रेणी के संबंध में, इस नियम के तहत निर्धारित तरीके से, किसी नियतकालिक पत्रिका के परिचालन संबंधी आंकड़ों को सत्यापित कर सकता है:
- (क) एक दैनिक समाचार पत्र, जिसकी पिछले दो वित्तीय वर्षों में धारा 12 की उप-धारा (1) के तहत प्रस्तुत वार्षिक विवरण में रिपोर्ट किया गया है, प्रत्येक दिन औसतन पच्चीस हजार प्रतियां या उससे अधिक का परिचालन होता है, और केंद्र सरकार के विज्ञापन प्राप्त करने के उद्देश्य से केंद्रीय संचार ब्यूरो के साथ सूचीबद्ध है;
- (ख) एक दैनिक समाचार पत्र, जिसकी पिछले दो वित्तीय वर्षों में धारा 12 की उप-धारा (1) के तहत प्रस्तुत वार्षिक विवरण में रिपोर्ट किया गया है, प्रत्येक दिन औसतन पच्चीस हजार प्रतियां या उससे अधिक का परिचालन होता है, और केंद्र सरकार के विज्ञापन प्राप्त करने के उद्देश्य से केंद्रीय संचार ब्यूरो के साथ सूचीबद्ध होने का इरादा रखता है; और
- (ग) कोई भी अन्य नियतकालिक पत्रिका, जिसे प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल की राय में, और कारणों को लिखित रूप में दर्ज करने के लिए, उस नियतकालिक पत्रिका के संबंध में प्राप्त किसी भी जानकारी, संदर्भ या शिकायत को ध्यान में रखते हुए, ऐसे सत्यापन की आवश्यकता होती है।
- (2) उप-नियम (1) में निर्दिष्ट किसी नियतकालिक पत्रिका के प्रसार को सत्यापित करने के उद्देश्य से, प्रेस रिजस्ट्रार जनरल या उसके द्वारा अधिकृत केंद्र सरकार का कोई भी अधिकारी, प्रेस सेवा पोर्टल में निर्धारित प्रक्रिया के अनुसार नवीनतम वार्षिक विवरण में प्रकाशक, द्वारा दी गई जानकारी का डेस्क ऑडिट कर सकता है और परिचालन संबंधी आंकड़े निर्धारित कर सकता है।

बशर्ते कि प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल या इस प्रकार अधिकृत अधिकारी, डेस्क ऑडिट करने के लिए, इलेक्ट्रॉनिक मोड के माध्यम से ऐसी जानकारी या दस्तावेजों के लिए कह सकता है जो आवश्यक समझे जाएं, और प्रकाशक ऐसी जानकारी या दस्तावेजों को इलेक्ट्रॉनिक रूप से प्रदान करेगा। बशर्ते यह भी कि डेस्क ऑडिट फेसलेस तरीके से किया जाएगा, ताकि प्रकाशक और प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल या डेस्क ऑडिट करने के लिए अधिकृत अधिकारियों के बीच कोई भौतिक इंटरफ़ेस न हो।

स्पष्टीकरण: उप-नियम (2) के प्रयोजन के लिए, नवीनतम वार्षिक विवरण एकदम पूर्ववर्ती वित्तीय वर्ष या उससे ठीक पहले के वर्ष, जो भी नवीनतम हो, के लिए प्रस्तुत नियतकालिक पत्रिका विवरण होगा।

- (3) प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल धारा 6 के खंड(ख) के प्रावधानों के अनुसार प्रकाशक और प्रिंटिंग प्रेस के व्यावसायिक परिसर में दस्तावेजों और अन्य जानकारी और रिकॉर्ड के भौतिक निरीक्षण के माध्यम से परिचालन का सत्यापन केवल निम्नलिखित स्थितियों में, कर सकता है अर्थात:
- (क) जहां प्रकाशक नियमित रूप से धारा 12 के तहत आवश्यक वार्षिक विवरण प्रस्तुत नहीं कर रहा है;
- (ख) जहां उप-नियम (2) के तहत किए गए डेस्क ऑडिट में असाधारण परिस्थितियों के कारण ऐसी कार्रवाई की सिफारिश की जाती है, और प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल ऐसी सिफारिशों से संतुष्ट हैं;
- (ग) जहां, प्रेस रजिस्ट्रार जनरल की राय में, और लिखित रूप में दर्ज किए जाने वाले कारणों से, उस नियतकालिक पत्रिका के संबंध में प्राप्त किसी भी जानकारी, संदर्भ या शिकायत को ध्यान में रखते हुए ऐसा सत्यापन आवश्यक है।

[फा. सं. एम-25013/1/2024-एमयूसी-I]

विक्रम सहाय, संयुक्त सचिव

# MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 5th January, 2024

S.O. 73(E).— The Central Government proposes to issue the Press and Registration of Periodicals Rules, 2024 under the powers conferred under Section 19 of the Press and Registration of Periodicals Act, 2023 notified on 29.12.2023 to carry out the provisions of the Act. The following Draft Press and Registration of Periodicals Rules, 2024, is proposed to be notified by the Central Government for this purpose. Stakeholders and general public may provide suggestions /comments on the Draft Press and Registration of Periodicals Rules, 2024 through post or through to "Shri Amarendra Singh, Deputy Secretary (IP), Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Room No. 760, A-Wing, Shastri Bhavan, New Delhi-110001, Email ID: <a href="mailto:amarendra.singh@nic.in">amarendra.singh@nic.in</a> within 30 days of publication of this notification.

# DRAFT NOTIFICATION

# The Press and Registration of Periodicals Rules, 2024

#### PART I - PRELIMINARY

## Short title, extent and commencement

- 1. (1) These Rules may be called the Press and Registration of Periodicals Rules, 2024
- (2) They shall come into effect on the date of its publication in the Official Gazette.
- (3) They shall extend to the whole of India

## **Definitions**

- 2 (1) In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,-
  - (a) 'Act' means the Press and Registration of Periodicals Act, 2023;
  - (b) 'Bharat Kosh' means the online service window of the Government of India to deposit any fees/fine/other money into the Government Account.
  - (c) 'Central Bureau of Communication' means the attached office of the Central Government for dissemination of information on Government policies and programmes through advertising and outreach activities using various vehicles of communication – audio-visual, print, electronic, digital, exhibitions, outdoor activities.

- (d) 'financial year' means the period ending on the 31st day of March every year
- (e) 'National Single Window System' (NSWS) is the digital platform of the Central Government (<a href="https://www.nsws.gov.in">https://www.nsws.gov.in</a>) to guide persons in identifying and applying for various approvals, permissions and registrations
- (f) 'Ministry' means the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Government of India
- (g) 'Press Information Bureau' means the attached office of the Central Government to disseminate information to print, electronic and social media on Government policies, programmes, initiatives and achievements, through various interventions and activities including press releases, press notes, feature articles, backgrounders, press briefings, interviews, press conferences, press tours.
- (h) 'Press Sewa Portal' means the online portal developed by the Press Registrar General for receiving various applications, intimations, and such other documents, forms as may be required under the Act, formats of certificate of registration of a periodical and of annual statement, including the following:
  - (i) Intimation by printer of a periodical;
  - (ii) Registration of facsimile edition of a foreign periodical;
  - (iii)Application form by a publisher for obtaining a certificate of registration of a periodical
  - (iv) Application form for revision of certificate of registration;
  - (v) Application form for transfer of ownership of certificate of registration;
  - (vi)Format of certificate of registration of a periodical;
  - (vii) Format of furnishing annual statement by the publisher of a periodical.
  - (viii) Guidelines for title allotment
  - (ix)Procedure for desk audit for verification of circulation of a periodical
- (2) All references to 'forms' in these rules shall be construed as references to forms set out in the Press Sewa Portal.
- (3) All other words and expressions used herein and not defined but defined in the Act shall have the same meanings respectively assigned to them in the Act.

#### PART II - INTIMATION BY A PRINTER

- 3. (1) A printer of a periodical shall, within fifteen days of starting a printing press of a periodical, send an intimation to the Press Registrar General and the specified authority within whose jurisdiction the printing press is situated, on the Press Sewa Portal furnishing the particulars and the documents specified in the Press Sewa Portal.
- (2) Where, after sending the intimation under sub-rule (1), any changes take place in the particulars mentioned in the intimation, the printer shall inform the Press Registrar General and the specified authority of the changes of the particulars.
- (3) Where the change in particulars involves change in location of the printing press falling under the local jurisdiction of another specified authority, the printer shall send a fresh intimation online on the Press Sewa Portal to the Press Registrar General and the other specified authority, and also inform the specified authority to whom the original intimation was sent.

#### PART III – REGISTRATION OF FACSIMILE EDITION OF A FOREIGN PERIODICAL

- 4 (1) An Indian entity shall apply on the National Single Window System for obtaining approval from the Central Government for publishing a facsimile edition of a foreign periodical in India in accordance with Guidelines formulated for the purpose by the Ministry and available on the National Single Window System.
- (2) The Ministry shall after processing the application referred to in sub-rule (1), and after seeking any additional information it may require from the entity in respect of the application, grant approval to the entity for publication of the facsimile edition, along with such terms and conditions as specified in the approval and communicate it on the National Single Window System.
- (3) Where the Ministry is of the opinion that approval cannot be granted, it shall by a written order convey its decision, along with reasons for refusal, and the same shall be communicated on the National Single Window System.
- (4) The Indian entity shall, within fifteen days of grant of approval under sub-rule (2), make an application to the Press Registrar General on the Press Sewa Portal for grant of certificate of registration for publication of the facsimile

edition of the foreign periodical in India, attaching along with the documents specified in the Press Sewa Portal, and on payment of a fees of rupees ten thousand on Bharat Kosh by any of the modes of payment specified therein.

- (5) The Press Registrar General shall process the application, and after satisfying itself of the correctness and completeness of the application, and taking into consideration any additional information it may obtain from the entity for processing the application or comments if any obtained from the Ministry on the Press Sewa Portal, may issue a certificate of registration to the entity for the publication in India of the facsimile edition of the foreign periodical.
- (6) The entity shall commence publication of the facsimile edition in India only after grant of certificate of registration by the Press Registrar General under sub-rule (5).

Provided that where an entity commences publication of the Facsimile edition in India before grant of certificate of registration, the Press Registrar General may refuse to grant a certificate of registration and also inform the Ministry regarding such publication.

(7) Where the Ministry on its own or based on information received from the Press Registrar General or any other authority regarding publication of the facsimile edition in India before grant of certificate of registration under sub-rule (5), it may suspend or cancel the approval granted by it under sub-rule (2).

# PART IV - GRANT OF CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION

# Grant of certificate of registration of a periodical under section 7

- 5 (1) A publisher intending to start a periodical shall make an application online on the Press Sewa Portal, attaching along with such documents as specified on the Press Sewa Portal and on payment of fees of rupees one thousand for the application to Bharat Kosh by any of the modes of payment specified therein, while ensuring adherence to the Guidelines on title allotment issued by the Press Registrar General available on the Press Sewa Portal.
- (2) The application referred to in sub-rule (1) shall be addressed to the Press Registrar General, and endorsed to the specified authority within whose local jurisdiction the periodical is proposed to be published, and sent online from the Press Sewa Portal to the Press Registrar General and the specified authority.
- (3) On successful uploading of the application, the Press Sewa Portal shall generate an acknowledgement along with a unique 10 digit alphanumeric Applicant Reference Number (ARN), and the publisher and Press Registration General shall use the ARN for all future correspondences and references.
- (4) Where the publisher intends to make any corrections or remove any omissions or error in the application so furnished, he may do so within three days of furnishing the application.
- (5) The Press Registrar General shall verify the application regarding its completeness, payment of requisite fees and submission of the documents, adherence to the Guidelines on title allotment, and such other particulars which are necessary for processing the application, and within seven working days of receipt of the application, and the further time specified under sub-rule (4), issue on online communication to the publisher specifying the deficiencies, if any, in the application so furnished, including the documents attached, payment made or any such deficiency as may be specified, which is considered necessary to be removed for processing the application.
- (6) The publisher shall, within a period not exceeding thirty days of receiving the communication referred to in sub-rule (5), submit on the Press Sewa Portal all the requisite details and particulars for removing the deficiencies.

Provided that where the publisher fails to remove the deficiencies within a period of thirty days from the date of the communication of the deficiencies by the Press Registrar General, the application is liable to be rejected by the Press Registrar General.

- (7) The Press Registrar General shall process the application, including the details furnished under sub-rule (2), and after taking into consideration comments if any received from the specified authority on the Press Sewa Portal, the guidelines regarding admissibility of the title, and on being so satisfied, issue a Certificate of Registration to the publisher in the format specified in the Press Sewa Portal, and also send a copy to the specified authority from the Press Sewa Portal.
- (8) Where the Press Registrar General is of the opinion, after taking into consideration the comments of the specified authority, or where the application remains deficient and the deficiencies have not been removed by the publisher within the specified time, that registration need not be granted, it shall issue an online communication to the publisher providing the reasons for the same and afford ten days time to the publisher to submit a reply to the communication on the Press Sewa Portal.
- (9) The Press Registrar General may, after taking into consideration the written reply of the publisher referred to in sub-rule (8) either grant certificate of registration or refuse to grant registration of the periodical.

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Provided that where the Press Registrar General decides that registration be not granted, he shall pass a speaking order specifying the grounds and reasons for the same and send it to the publisher on the Press Sewa Portal.

# Revision of particulars of the certificate of registration under section 8

- 6 (1) A publisher, who has been granted a certificate of registration for a periodical under section 7 may make an application on the Press Sewa Portal to the Press Registrar General for revision of particulars of the certificate, along with documents specified in the Press Sewa Portal, and on payment of a fees of rupees one thousand to Bharat Kosh by any of the modes of payment specified therein.
- (2) The particulars for which an application for revision of the certificate can be made may include the following:
  - (a) Language of the periodical;
  - (b) Title of the periodical, in accordance with the Guidelines on title allotment;
  - (c) editor of the periodical;
  - (d) printing press of the periodical;
  - (e) place of publication of the periodical within the State/UT;
  - (f) periodicity of the periodical
- (3) The Press Registrar General shall, after processing the application referred to in sub-rule (1), and, in the event of change in the specified authority due to change in place of publication referred to in clause (e) of sub-rule (2), after obtaining comments of the specified authority, under whose jurisdiction the new place of publication is located, within a period of sixty days, and after satisfying itself of the correctness particulars of the application and the documents attached therewith, issue a revised certificate of registration in respect of the periodical preferably within fifteen working days, and also send a copy to the specified authority.

Provided that the fifteen working days would exclude the sixty days period being the time taken in obtaining comments of the specified authority, and details, if any, obtained by the Press Registrar General from the applicant for verifying the correctness and completeness of the application.

(4) Where the owner of a periodical, which has been granted certificate of registration under rule 5 intends to change the publisher, the new publisher shall have to make an application for a revised certificate of registration and all the provisions of rule 5 shall apply.

# Transfer of ownership of the periodical under section 9

- Where the owner of a periodical in respect of which certificate of registration has been granted under rule 5 intends to transfer the ownership of that periodical to any other person or entity, such person or entity being the transferee may apply for change of ownership of the periodical by making an application to the Press Registrar General on the Press Sewa Portal, attaching the documents specified in the Press Sewa Portal, and on payment of a fees of rupees one thousand to Bharat Kosh by any of the modes of payment specified therein.
- (2) The application shall be endorsed by the transferee also to the specified authority within whose local jurisdiction the principal place of business of the transferee is situated, and sent online to the specified authority from the Press Sewa Portal.
- (3) The Press Registrar General shall process the application and, after taking into consideration comments if any received from the specified authority referred to in sub-rule (2) within a period of sixty days, and after satisfying itself of the correctness and completeness of the documents furnished by the owner, grant permission for change of ownership of the periodical.
- (4) Where the Press Registrar General is of the opinion, after taking into consideration the comments of the specified authority and other factors, that permission for change of ownership need not be granted, it shall issue an online communication to the owner providing the reasons for the same and afford ten days time to the owner to submit a written reply to the communication.
- (5) The Press Registrar General may, after taking into consideration the written reply of the owner referred to in sub-rule (4) either permit the change in ownershipand issue a written permission for the change on the Press Sewa Portal, or refuse to grant permission for change in ownership.

Provided that where the Press Registrar General decides that permission for change of ownership be not granted, he shall pass a speaking order specifying the grounds and reasons for the same and send it to the owner of the periodical on the Press Sewa Portal.

(6) Where the change in the particulars of the certificate of registration is limited only to change in ownership of the periodical, the Press Registrar shall grant a revised certificate of registration.

Provided where the change in ownership involves changes in other particulars of the periodical, the publisher or the new publisher, as the case may be, shall make an application for grant of registration in accordance with the provisions of rule 5within thirty days of the receipt of the written permission referred to under sub-rule (5).

(7) Where the owner of a periodical is a company registered under the Companies Act, 2013, and the shareholding pattern of the company undergoes any change from the shareholding pattern at the time of grant of certificate of registration of the periodical under section 7, the authorised person in the company shall intimate the Press Registrar General on the Press Sewa Portal the changes made, giving full details of the names, address and other particulars of the new shareholders, along with such other documents as specified in the Press Sewa Portal.

# Discontinuation of a periodical under section 10

8. Where an owner of a periodical, which has been granted a certificate of registration under section 7, decides to discontinue the publication of the periodical, it shall, within six months of such discontinuation, send an intimation online on the Press Sewa Portal regarding such discontinuation to the Press Registrar General and the specified authority.

#### PART V - MISCELLANEOUS

#### Annual Statement to be furnished under section 12

- 9. (1) A publisher who has been granted a certificate of registration under section 7 shall furnish an annual statement, by the 31<sup>st</sup> May of a calendar year, in respect of the preceding financial year, on the Press Sewa Portal, containing the particulars and documents mentioned and specified in the Press Sewa Portal for the purpose.
- (2) Where the publisher is due to circumstances beyond his control, unable to furnish the annual statement by the stipulated date mentioned in sub-rule (1), it may with prior approval of the Press Registrar General furnish the annual statement within such extended period as the Press Registrar General may permit, having regard to the circumstances for the delay in furnishing the annual statement.

Provided that the extended period shall not be beyond 31st December of the calendar year.

#### Delivery of periodical under section 12

- 10. (1) The publisher shall, within 48 hours of publication of a newspaper, upload the electronic version of the newspaper on the Press Sewa Portal.
- (2) The publisher in a State/UT shall deliver the physical copy of the newspaper to the office of the Press Information Bureau located in the State/UT in which the paper is being published by the fifth day of every month for the all the days for which the newspaper is published during the preceding month.

Provided that the publisher may at its convenience deliver a copy of the newspaper to the office of the Press Information Bureau at a more frequent interval.

Provided further that in a State/UT where there is no office of PIB, the Press Registrar General shall authorise an officer under the Ministry in that State/UT for receiving the newspaper from the publisher.

(3) The publisher in a State/UT shall deliver the physical copy of the newspaper to such office of the State Government/UT Administration, as may be so authorised for the purpose by the State Government/UT Administration, by the fifth day of every month for the all the days for which the newspaper is published during the preceding month.

Provided that the publisher may at its convenience deliver a copy of the newspaper to the office of the office so authorised at a more frequent interval.

(4) Compliance to rules (1) to (3) shall be taken into consideration for the purpose of ascertaining whether the newspaper is being published continuously, referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 11.

# Verification of circulation figure of a periodical by the Press Registrar General under section 6.

- 11. (1) The Press Registrar General may verify the circulation figure of a periodical, in the manner laid down under this rule, in respect of the following classes and category:
  - (a) A daily newspaper, having an average circulation of twenty five thousand copies or more each day, as reported in the Annual Statement furnished by it under sub-section (1) of section 12 in the preceding two financial years, and is empanelled with the Central Bureau of Communication for the purpose of obtaining advertisements of the Central Government;
  - (b) A daily newspaper, having an average circulation of twenty five thousand copies or more each day, as reported in the Annual Statement furnished by it under sub-section (1) of section 12 in the preceding two financial years, and intends to be empanelled with the Central Bureau of Communication for the purpose of obtaining advertisements of the Central Government; and

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- (c) Any other periodical which, in the opinion of the Press Registrar General, and for reasons to be recorded in writing, requires such verification, having regard to any information, reference or complaint received by it in respect of that periodical.
- (2) For the purpose of verifying the circulation of a periodical referred to in sub-rule (1), the Press Registrar General or any officer of the Central Government so authorised by him, may undertake a desk audit of the information furnished by the publisher in the latest Annual Statement in accordance with a procedure laid down in the Press Sewa Portal, and determine the circulation figure.

Provided that the Press Registrar General or the officer so authorised, may for undertaking the desk audit, call through an electronic mode for such information or documents as may be considered necessary, and the publisher shall provide such information or documents electronically.

Provided further that the desk audit shall be undertaken in a faceless manner, such that there is no physical interface between the publisher and the Press Registrar General or the officer(s) authorized for undertaking the desk audit.

Explanation: For the purpose of sub-rule (2), latest Annual Statement would be the Annual Statement of the periodical furnished for the immediately preceding financial year or the year immediately before that, whichever is latest.

- (3) The Press Registrar General may undertake verification of the circulation by way of a physical inspection of the documents and other information and records at the business premise of the publisher and the printing press in accordance with the provisions of clause (b) of section 6 only under the following situations, namely:
  - (a) where the publisher is not regularly furnishing the Annual Statement as required under section 12;
  - (b) where in the desk audit undertaken under sub-rule (2) recommends such action due to exceptional circumstances, and the Press Registrar General is satisfied with such recommendations;
  - (c) where, in the opinion of the Press Registrar General, and for reasons to be recorded in writing, such verification is necessary, having regard to any information, reference or complaint received by it in respect of that periodical.

[F. No. M-25013/1/2024-MUC-I] VIKRAM SAHAY, Jt. Secy.