

# **Information Technology**

#### (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code),

# **Rules, 2021**





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Notified: 25th February, 2021

## Information Technology (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code), Rules, 2021

With the advancement of science, new technologies have provided an opportunity for exponential expansion of print media as well as digital media. The OTT platforms and digital news portals are now established and are working well. The problem was that for these new sectors there was no institutional mechanism. When the Press has the Press Council of India and TV has its own self regulation and films have Central Board of Film Certification, these new platforms had no such arrangement.

There was a demand for bringing such parity and mechanism by media experts, filmmakers and industry experts, trade organizations/ bodies and the people at large. These apart, there have been serious grievance from parents and guardians over the adult, violent and such other content which is harmful to children. There is also a need to empower the citizens for their grievance redressal. Due to absence of an institutional set up, citizens do not know where to send their grievances or file complaints or suggestions relating to content on OTT or on digital news. There was demand from all sectors that there must be some arrangement by which a level playing field can be provided to all the media categories.

The Digital Media Ethics Code, under the Information Technology (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules, 2021 establishes an institutional mechanism for digital news portals and OTT platforms.

## **Main features of the Rules**

The rules establish a soft touch progressive institutional mechanism with a level playing field featuring a Code of Ethics and a threetier grievance redressal framework for news publishers and OTT platforms on the digital media. The OTT platforms would self-classify the content into five age based categories- U (Universal), U/A 7+, U/A 13+, U/A 16+, and A (Adult). Platforms would be required to implement parental locks for content classified as U/A 13+ or higher, and reliable age verification mechanisms for content classified as "A". Publishers of news on digital media would be required to observe Norms of Journalistic Conduct of the Press Council of India and the Programme Code under the Cable Television Networks Regulation) Act thereby providing a level playing field between the offline (Print, TV) and digital media.

## **Grievance Redressal Mechanism**

three-level grievance redressal Α has been established under the mechanism rules with two levels of self-regulation- Level I being the publisher and Level II being the Self Regulatory Body, and the third level being the Oversight Mechanism under the Ministry of Information & Broadcasting. The rules provide for an effective grievance redressal mechanism for receiving, processing, and time-bound disposal of public grievances related to the Code of Ethics. The self regulatory body would be headed by a retired judge of the Supreme Court or of a High Court, or by a person of eminence from the relevant field, and can issue advisories to the publisher.

The mechanism is based on the **principles of minimum Government intervention;** however platforms should develop a robust grievance redressal mechanism on their own.

## **Benefits of the Rules**

The institutional mechanism established by the Digital Media Ethics Code would provide a stable policy environment to encourage growth in the OTT industry, bring in investments and generate jobs thereby providing a boost to the Champion Audio-Visual Services Sector. Self certification of content by OTT platforms would ensure artistic freedom for content creators and prevent delays. The Code would also empower the citizens to make informed choices about content, get their grievances redressed in definite time frames, and protect children.

The Code of Ethics for news publishers would help to fight fake news on digital media through a mechanism of accountability of publishers while providing a level playing field between online and offline (Print and TV) news publishers. The rules also open up new avenues for further engagement and coordination with the digital news publishers which would be recognized for the first time under law through the process of furnishing information.

At a time when the digital media governance is in a state of flux across the globe, the Digital Media Ethics Code is thus a transformative step which would raise India's stature at an international level and serve as a model for other nations to emulate.



## सूचना एवं प्रसारण मंत्री श्री प्रकाश जावडेकर का सम्बोधन (25.02.2021)

जैसे आपको पता है कि नई टेक्नोलॉजी का एक अच्छा फल है कि डिजिटल मीडिया न्यूज पोर्टल बन गए, वैसे ही ओटीटी प्लेटफॉर्म्स आ गये। लेकिन एक फर्क रहा कि जो आप लोग बैठे हैं, प्रेस से जो आते हैं उनको प्रेस काउंसिल का कोड फॉलो करना पड़ता है लेकिन ऐसा डिजिटल मीडिया पोर्टल को कोई बंधन नहीं है। यहां टी वी के लोग हैं, उनको केबल नेटवर्क एक्ट में जो प्रोग्राम कोड है वह उनको फॉलो करना पड़ता है लेकिन ओटीटी प्लेटफॉर्म्स को ऐसा कोई नियम नहीं है और इसलिए सरकार ने यह समझा कि एक लेवल प्लेइंग फील्ड होना चाहिए। और इसलिए डिजिटल हो या प्रिंट हो या टी वी हो या ओटीटी हो, कुछ नियमों का पालन करना पड़ेगा, कुछ प्रोसेस सेट करना पड़ेगा। और लोगों की मांग भी बहुत थी, रोज सैकड़ों पत्र मंत्रालय में आते थे। इस बार संसद के सत्र में ओटीटी प्लेटफॉर्म पर 50 पश्च पूछे गए, दोनों सदन में मिलकर। इस विषय में देशभर में कितनी चर्चा है उसका यह उदाहरण है।

एक इंस्टीट्यूशनल मकेनिज़म सभी मीडिया के लिए होना चाहिए। क्योंकि मीडिया की आज़ादी लोकतंत्र की आत्मा है।



#### Address of Hon'ble Minister for Electronics & Information Technology Shri Ravi Shankar Prasad (25.02.2021)

Social Media is welcome to do business in India. They have done exceedingly well, they have got good business, good number of users and they have also empowered ordinary Indians.

The Government welcomes criticism and the right to dissent and social media has been used to ask questions too, but it is very important that the users of social media must be given the forum to raise their grievance for resolution against the abuse and misuse of social media. It is very important, with the social media users running into crores, they should be given a proper forum for resolution of their grievances in a time-bound manner against the abuse and misuse of social media. We are empowering the ordinary users of social media.

The basic essence of this step is a soft-touch oversight mechanism.

# **OVERVIEW**

# Digital Media Ethics Code UNDERLYING PRINCIPLES



- Progressive and balanced Approach : Balancing with concerns of users
- Based on Existing Statute

• Utilising Experience of Existing Practices : Domestic and International

## Digital Media Ethics Code MAIN FEATURES

- Due diligence by intermediaries
- Three-Tier Grievance redressal mechanism
- Code of Ethics for Publishers
- Self-regulation architecture
- Disclosure of Information

### Digital Media Ethics Code FURNISHING AND DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION



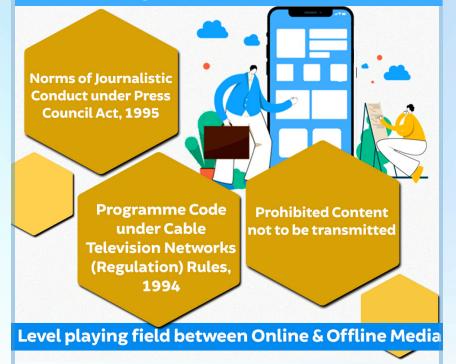
• Publisher to furnish basic information to the Ministry

• Disclosure of information in public domain regarding grievance redressal by publisher and self-regulating body

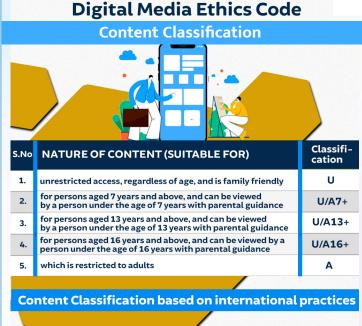
# **CODE OF ETHICS**

## **Digital Media Ethics Code**

**Digital News Publishers** 







# GRIEVANCE REDRESSAL MECHANISM







#### Level I: Publisher

- Establish an adequate grievance redressal mechanism
- Appoint a Grievance Officer
- Time bound acknowledgement and disposal of grievance
- Provide facility for grievance tracking
- Provide users with reasons for any action taken/not taken
- Display all details related to its grievance redressal mechanism

## Digital Media Ethics Code Grievance Redressal Mechanism

#### Level II: Self-Regulating Body

#### STRUCTURE

- Independent body/bodies constituted by publishers
- Headed by retired judge of Supreme Court/High Court, or a person of eminence from the relevant field;
- Members experts from various fields
- Publisher to be a member of a self-regulating body
- Ministry of I&B to register self-regulating bodies



#### Level II: Self-Regulating Body

#### **FUNCTIONS**

- Oversee adherence to Code of Ethics by publisher
- Address grievances unresolved at Level I
- Issue guidance/advisories to a publisher, ensuring compliance
- Inform Ministry of I&B regarding disposal of grievances.

# Digital Media Ethics Code Grievance Begenvalue Begenvalue Level III: Oversight Mechanism FUNCTIONS OF MINISTRY OF I&B Constitute an Inter-Departmental Committee (IDC) Lay down responsibilities and obligations of publishers Develop an online grievance redressal system Issue appropriate orders for adherence to Code of Ethics Take action for non- compliance of its directions

# **BENEFITS AND OUTCOMES**



Quality Content Better Journalistic and Entertainment Content

**Protecting Children** 

Access Control and Age Verification



Citizen Empowerment Informed Choice, Effective Grievance Redressal

#### **Curbing Misinformation**

Accountability of Digital News Publishers







OU डिजिटल मीडिया दुरुपयोग पर लगाम सोशल मीडिया और ओ.टी.टी. के लिए दिशा-निर्देश जारी Feb 25, 2021 जे. पी. नहूा: अब राजनीति का मतलब भ्रष्टाचार नहीं, सेवा है NEWS

चचो में: डिजिटल मीडिया दुरुपयोग पर लगाम - R



# The Telegraph online

Friday, 26 February 2021 • E-paper

#### Home / India / Centre unveiles ethics code for digital media Centre unveiles ethics code for digital media OTT platforms would be required to implement parental locks and reliable age









Measures taken for a level playing field and empowering consumers would provide clarity for content creators of emerging platforms. Responsible and accountable mechanisms will only bring in more quality and maturity in a commercial creative industry. @PrakashJavdekar @rsprasad



accountable.

Siddharth Shirole 🥑 @SidShirole

With great power comes great responsibility. A welcome step by GOI to make Indian Internet safer, more responsible and unbiased. Code of Ethics, self regulation and grievance redressal will go a long way to make platforms more

#ResponsibleFreedom **#OTTGuidelines** 

3:21 PM · Feb 25, 2021 · Twitter Web Ap



rahul shrivastava 🕗 @Rahulshrivstv

Welcome 2 do business.But follow India's constitution & rules. We don't want to interfere but **#OTT** & digital platforms can't hv double standards. Says @Gol\_MeitY @rsprasad Action in attack on #USCONGRESS & inaction on #redfortattack is not acceptable @PrakashJavdekar @IndiaToday

...



rahul rawail @RahulRawail

Much Needed! A great mature handling of the Social Media and OTT platforms. The ball is in their court now. Kudo's to the vision of The Honourable PM, Shri Narendra Mody, @PMOIndia and to @rsprasad and @PrakashJavdekar for translating the vision to reality.

> "With this move, India continues to deepen its position as a leader in digital policy and technological innovation" T.V. Mohandas Pai





Ministry of Information and Broadcasting Government of India